BENNETTSVILLE, S. C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1905.

NO. 8.

UCLY CHARCES.

Examined.

Numerous Irregularities and Discrepancies, Caused by Fallure to Keep a Proper Set of Books in a

Proper Way. Secretary of State Complains.

Senator T. B. Butler and Representatives Richards and Rainesford Tuesday submitted a report on the examination of the offices of the secretary of state, comptroller general and state treasurer. The report was ordered printed in the journal and is The report says of some of the of-

'That they have examined the book urer, comptroller general and sinking fund correct, with proper vouchers, the offices and the books neatly and pleasure, commend the efficiency of the efficers and assistants in these sev-

the comptroller general be supplied satisfied he did good work. with file cases for the keeping of the records of the office.

state's office is in part as follows: This office has not been included in the examination heretofore, but last year this additional duty was placed on this committee, and it has been an enormous, unpleasant and extremely difficult matter to ascertain the exact and true condition of the finances of this office—due to many reasons which

we will attempt to show later. When we first went to this office in April, 1904, we were informed that we could conclude our labors 'in ten minutes" and were shown the bank books and a mere statement, amounts, aggregate, received in that office, and amount paid state treasurer. On insisting that tion, we were begged for time to prepare books, etc. However, your committee went to work but soon found, on account of the absence of books and in proper entries of cash received, wrong and improper entries made in the books furnished, which had been badly kept. Your commit-tee feeling the need of a thorough examination adjourned, and secured the services of an account, Mr. J. C. Hollis, of Gaffney, S. C., and with his valuable assistance made up a book of every item we could find and was furnished by Mr. R. M. McCown, the assistant clerk, said book being now in the possession of your committee. Af corrections were made on the books attempted to be kept. The only way we could do was to handle each declaration of charter, return, applica-tion for notary public—in fact, every paper during Mr. Gantt's administra-Seeing that considerable time would be consumed in this eximination, we did not feel justified in going back of his term without express authority, so did not do so, but reel now that this should be done by the

committee to be appointed. In comparing the return of corporators to the charters that were recorded, we found some unrecorded and others erroneously recorded, such as where a charter had been granted in the sum of \$15,000, same was recorded as having been issued in the sum of \$50,000. This work we did not complete on account of a very damaging fire in the office where, principally, all records were kept, and since that time we have been unable to do any such work for the books were badly injur ed, hence, such examination was nec-

essarily suspended. In many cases we found where over collections had been made aggregating \$367 55, ranging from 50 cents to 877 50. There was no evidence that these various items had been return ed to the pr per parties, but, on the contrary, the secretary of state informed us we "had nothing to do with these excess amounts as that was a matter between himself and the par ties sending them." We do not agree to such a proposition. On the book which was supposed to be kept items were left off entirely. To illustrate: Camperdown mills, chartered April 30, 1904; charter fce \$100, and others. Improper amounts credited to state: Puckaber Bros., Charleston; charter fee \$50; amount state credited with, \$15, March 23, 1904. We feel com pelled to condemn this carelessness in handling the people's money, and in not keeping proper entries of all moneys coming through this office, also the method that has prevailed in many instances where a credit system has been allowed. To give an instance, the Norris octton mills, charter increased on April 10, 1903; charter fee, \$50, amount received after charter issued \$25, and the claim was made that the late Col. D. K. Norris contended that "the office already owed him \$25." Either this money is lost to the state or is a lose to the secretary of state; at any rate, such prac tice should be discontinued. There are other instances. These items of of one instance where there has been a warmer climate. a refund. The charter was granted on February 23, 1904, and refund made June 23, 1904, after these matters had been called to the attention of this

We regret to report that "all moneys" have not been paid over "quarterly" to the state treasurer as is required by law, same being held, in some instances, considerable time af- old and his wife was 40.

ter the expiration of the several quar-

Your committe begs to report that, as the report of receipts and disburse ments will show, hereto appended, the secretary of state has deposited Books of State House Officials in bank several hundred dollars in excess of amounts shown by his books or evidenced by proper vouchers in his office, as having been collected for fees. In this amount, no doubt, is included some of these excess collections, sent by mistake by different COMMITTEE REPORTS parties throughout the state and which do not belong to the state, but should be refunded to the proper par-

tics when the charters were issued.
We found by mere chance that one item of \$120.50 for charter of the Union Ware House company of Co-lumbia, chartered on the 15th day of January, 1902, during Mr. Cooper's administration, was presented for payment in June, 1904, and has not yet been turned over to the state treasur-er, being, we are informed, now in the office of secretary of state. There may be other items of Mr. Gantt's prelecessor still outstanding, but, as we stated, we did not go back that far. A letter was then sent by Mr. D. H. Means to Chairman Butler of the

committee stating that although the cash book of his office had been lost, dered printed in the journal and is considered one of the most sensa-Gantt asking for these books, but a reply was received stating that the you that I have this day placed in the fire which guited the room made impossible for them to be found as yet, plemental report to the general asbut that so far as he knew Mr. Mean's sembly a full, accurate and complete oredited with \$15."

State: Puckhater Bros., Charleston, S. C., charter fee \$50; amount State oredited with \$15." fire which guited the room made imof accounts of the above named officers and find the offices of state treas-

In justice to Mr. Gantt, we beg to state he informed us the reason his ments handed you herewith to be corbooks were in bad condition was due books were in bad condition was due to the fact that his time was occupied securing valuable and necessary in lowing statement in reply to the reformation for Senator Tillman to aid him in collecting certain funds from examine the books and accounts of the committee called attention to the well kept, and the committee, with to the fact that his time was occupied eral departments."

him in collecting certain funds from the report then recommends that the national government, and we are him in collecting certain funds from

The books and accounts since Mr. McCown has been acting as The report on the secretary of chief clerk have been kept in much better condition, and since our thorough examination in June it is a very easy matter to keep track of the funds and vouchers.

Too much care in keeping the books n this office cannot be spared, for, as will be seen by the following statement of receipts and disbursements during the years of 1903 and 1904, a large amount of money goes through

Amount received from pre- decessor	R
Deposited in banks 31,430 Total	
Total 834,101	78
Paid state treasurer 30 302	89
Balance in bank	89
Fees received in 1903 16,151	18
Fees to June 13, 1904 7,543	73
Fees from June 13th to Dec	9
_ 13, 1904 7,165	58
From predecessor 2,670	89
Total \$33.531	35

Paid state treasurer 30,301 89 Books show balance.....\$ 3,229 50 Which shows a balance in banks of \$570.49 over amount the books and

vouchers of secretary of state show. Under the present law charters are granted on payment of one mill on ter adjourning, and before our return the dollar up to \$100,000, and in a with Mr. Hollis, many erasures and great many instances the state reifte cents and instances as low as five cents, and it costs the state as much to grant one of these small charters as it does one capitalized at \$1,000,000, where the fee is \$100. Therefore, we recommend that the law be changed by the secretary of state.

> There are about eighteen or twenty books containing the records of corporations damaged by fire in this flice, and while not destroyed, the bindings and edges have been stroyed and it is almost absolutely necessary that these books be tran-Therefore, we recommend that these records be put in better shape and condition for proper handing and preservation, and that a small appropriation be made to carry

Respectfully submitted,

On part of the senate.

T. B. BUTLER. On part of house of representatives. J. G. RICHARDS, JR. T. H. RAINSFORD.

Dynamite Killed Three. three men are dead, seven injured and transaction of the office, properly ball of this book, while deposit at the explosion of 10,000 pounds of dyna mite in No. 3 shaft, of the Kearsarge that, though prepared uson less than branch of the Osceola Consolidated 24 hours' notice, this statement is submines Wednesday afternoon. No ex- stantially accurate, and I will forthplanation can be given for the explo- with and immediately resign as secresion. The dynamite was kept in a tary of state if I cannot prove to the by the committee and to explain any drift at the eighth level and was used satisfaction of any competent and unby the men in blasting. The shaft is on fire and it is feared the three men is factory statement of the condition on fire and it is feared the three men is factory statement of the condition having seen the totals arrived at, I

Found Dead.

A dispatch from Spartanburg says fell down in the sleet and froze to ber of this committee. death.

Jumped to Death.

came to Savannah from Stockton, Ga., eight months ago, jumped from over the entries that had not been was thrown into the wildest state of a window of his home there Wednesday night and died Thursday. He ed that the examination would be fa the discovery of the mysterious mur over collections may have been re- had been suffering from gilp for sev- cilitated if the committee would per- der of Mrs. Mary Smith, an aged turned, but we have no evidence of eral years. Mr. Swift was a resident mit me to make a complete statement white woman. Mrs. Smith resided same. Your committee is cogn zant of New York, but came south seeking of its affairs, showing proper balances. on the outskirts of the town with her

Pleaded Guilty.

In the court at Towanda, Pa., Wednesday Bigler Johnson pleaded guilty ing whatever was accomplished during dead body of the woman was found to the charge that he murdered his two entire weeks, and when Hollis, in the house with her throat cut from wife, Maggie B. Johnson and her the expert, came everything that had ear to ear. The child could give no niece, Annie Benjamin, ten years old. on September 18 last, and afterward burned their bodies. He is 26 years were made on the books."

MAKES REPLY.

Mr. Gantt Promptly Defends Himself From the Charges

OF THE COMMITTEE.

Offers to Resign If His Statements Are Disproved. The Secretary Reviews the Report of the Committee

and Denies Some of The

Charges Made.

have paid any fees to the office, which

and anxious to make up and present explained to the committee. this statement to them, having offered to do so open their first visit to the office, but was informed that they desired the papers of the office turned over to them without any checking, verification or statements in the con dition in which they were at the time. and make up a correct statement of its affairs, the entire papers and books of the office were turned over to them; they were furnished a key, which the chairman retained for three months. chairman retained for three months, and which was used to gain entry to the office when none of the clerks or the office when none of the clerks or the amount was not finally collected for about three months. It would employes thereof were present. This was permitted to allow the fullest and freest opportunity for full and comthough ithe office books showed that During most of the time of the first investigation I was confined to my house by sickness. During the progres of this investigation reports were brought to me of statements by members of this committee of a shortage in this office. Upon the conclusion of the investigation, which was during yet turned over to the State treasweek prior to the filing of the pledges by candidates for State offices. heard, and asked that they state to the charter. I demanded its payment and the public what they had found. In response to this request, the commit. Was held for final determination as to which it was asserted that no books properly accounted for, were kept, which was false, and that they had collected certain vouchers from which they had made up a set of the period of Mr. Ganti's prodecessor crash, which has been given many books, which was equally untrue, as which we were informed were kept by there is not now and never has been any "vouchers" to be collected, and "The present secretary of state." the original declarations and returns wishes to say that he has never, exof corporators could not be so designat- cept for a short period at the begined, and principally from these I understood the committee had made its the cash accounts of the office. Durthe committee had found nothing which they especially criticised, 1 the record books during this period the record books during this period cured to be accurate. I had repeated tody of the present secretary of state. assurances given me that nothing wrong was found. Consequently my as tonishment at the remarkable statements made therein was as profound

the financial affairs the eof. When reduced to its logical concluand innuendo in which it is clothed, the report charges that no accurate books are kept, or proper record of the statement is made, however, the receipts and disbursements of the that the report of the secretary of the office has been deficient. The only reply which it is in my power to make A Haughton, Mich., dispatch says of a full statement of every floancial

REPLIES TO ASSERTIONS.

s believed that the negro freze to clude our labors in 10 minutes." I deabout Wellford and was drinking I made any statement at all in refer-freely. He evidently started for his ence to the time it would require to other to be certain of their own. some and being overcome from drink make the investigation to any mem-

"On insisting that we came for a real examination, we were begged for H. C. Swift, 75 years old, who ged or cared for any time whatever; I suggested that I would like to check checked for possible errors; I suggestbeen gone over was rechecked.

Mr. McCown says that he made one neighbors arrived.

or two corrections, with the knowledge and, he thought, permission of

the committee.
'A charter has been granted in the sum of \$1,500, same was recorded as baving been issued in the sum of \$50,-

This has never been called to my them which showed the proper capital

"In many cases we found where over collections had been made aggregating \$367,55."

I beg to say that owing to the charge in the law for recording certain papers, reducing the fee 50 cents, in two or three days with a return he was ready to check up all of the of the secretary of state and a detail made. There is now unrefunded of accounts except the receipt book. A editemized statement of all official re

"Improper amount credited to the State: Puckhaber Bros., Charleston,

It was discovered by the committee ton seed. that the odice had failed to detect an error in computing the proper fee for the charter of this concern made by examine the books and accounts of my error, the attorneys were wired and I have been continuously since the safe, which was entered on the books appointment of the committee willing as soon as rec ived and the matter

"All moneys have not been turned over quarterly to the State treasurer."
It is true that I have directed that funds be not checked out of the bank until ample time has been allowed for the collection of all checks, ect., deposited. Sometimes a check which is Presuming the committee competent to come into the office, take the books and make up a correct statement of counts arises therefrom For the counts arises the country arise the country are considered. it was chargeable to us.
"We found by mere chance that

one item of \$102 50 for charter of the Union Warehouse company of Colum bia, chartered on the 15th day of ment in June, 1904, and has not been urer.'

It is true that I discovered that secured an opportunity to state to through some neglect there had been the committee the reports I had a failure to collect the fee for this

the period of Mr. Gantt's predecessor

"The present secretary of state" statements. As I was assured that ing Mr. Cooper's term these accounts have never been in the personal cus-

AS TO FEES.

When fees were paid the office to him, they were turned over to Mr. as was my surprise at the partial, in complete and inaccurate statement of taken therefor. Prior to this time, receipts were taken, the same practice being in vogue. He regarded sion and freed from the insinuation Mr. Means' letter as official notice to him of the loss of the books, from a subordinate to his superior officer.

flice, and that the management of State and the original papers and recands which were used by the committee to verify the liabilities during the to this charge is the rendition at once present term, can be made to serve the same purpose even in the absence ancing the cash found on hand during banks and payments to the State my term of office. I assert to be true treasurer will show all disbursements Again reverting to the general feaures of this report 1 wish to say that I requested an opportunity to test verted into a hotel. the accuracy of the figures made up their J alousy of the people's money Replying to the several remarkable should at least put enough value he body of an unknown negro was assertions of the committee, I wish upon the character and reputation of found near the side of the track which to quote them as follows:

| a man that they would at least releast of from Wellford to Tucapau (When we went into the office we frain from imputing to him that cotton mills Wednesday morning. It were informed that we could con- which is discreditable until they had observed the caution of ascertaining eath during the night. He was seen my absolutely and unequivocally that facts to rest their assertion on, and

Respectfully submitted, T. L. GANNT. Secretary of State.

Found With Throat Cut. The little town of Pearson, Ga., on the Brunswick and Western railroad, excitement Wednesday morning by Both offers were declined, and evident- little ten-year old grand daughter. help or suggestion in their work, noth-neighbors, and upon investigation the 10 cents a pot nd. information about the killing. She "Many erasures and corrections had only discovered her grandmoth-

16tb. 1903.

A report issued by the census buattention, and I have no idea to what reau Wednesday shows the quantity is referred. I would suggest that a of cotton ginned from the growth of record must have been accessible to 1904 to January 16 to be 12,767,000, counting round as half bales. These consist of 12 524 777 square bales. 289,425 round bales and 98,110 sea island bales.

Counting the amount as running bales the total is 12 912,312. This was ginned by the 30,221 ginneries which were operated at some time tain papers, reducing the fee 50 cents, this season prior to January 16. The reduction has been frequently statistics of the cotton ginned to the overlooked by applicants for charters, in spite of the adoption of every means by the office to appraise the public of it. As every declaration on which it is paid is followed generally in two or three days mith a spite of the cotton ginned to the corresponding date of 1904 show a total of 9,859,277 bales, embracing 9,036,890 square bales and 7,407,480 round bales and 30,171 active ginneries.

Secretory of State Gantt gave out the following, which has been sent to the general assembly:

Gentlemen of the General Assembly:

I beg to su mit to you herewith a full report of the finances of the office, to be applied on the return has been delayed, and in others it is never of the secretary of state and a detailment of all official accounts of the secretary of state and a detailment of all official accounts of the secretary of state and a detailment of all official reports of the secretary of state and a detailment of all official reports of the secretary of state and a detailment of all official reports of the secretary of state and a detailment of all official reports of the secretary of state and a detailment of all official reports of the secretary of state and a detailment of all official reports of the office, to be applied on the return has been delayed, and in others it is never of the office of the office to deposit the additional 50 cents to the credit of the official account of the office, to be applied on the return has been delayed, and in others it is never of the office of the office to deposit the additional 50 cents to the credit of the office of the office to deposit the additional 50 cents to the credit of the office of the office of the office, to be applied on the return has been delayed, and in others it is never of cotton thus brought forward is 327,243 running bales. A maximum estimate of the quantities previous to report and the quantities previous to deposit the additional 50 cents to the credit of the office of t bales and 30,171 active ginneries.

In the canvass this January 824 ning bales. This estimate of 32 724 bales is not included in the above totals. In this report no account has been taken of linters obtained by cotton seed oil mills from working cot-

The final report of the season will be issued about March 25. The final tor McLaurin, the chairman of the report will distribute the crop by special committee, gives out the folcounties, agregate upland and sea island cotton and give weights of

bales. In connection with the census diector the report says that every complaint regarding the accuracy of the returns of individual ginners which has reached the census office has been carefully investigated and no material errors so far been found.

THE PORCE	L BY STAT	ES.
The report by	states ar	d running
bales follows:		
States.	Bales.	Ginneries
Alabama	1,422,426	3.90
Arkansas	. 826 528	2,44
Florida	. 81.855	279
Gaorgia	.1,903,668	4,97
Indian Ter	. 463.549	501
Kentucky	. 1.882	
Louisiana	.1.005.328	2,22
Mississippi	1 576 853	4,05
Missouri	44.203	7,00
North Carolina	704 801	2,92
Oklahoma	393 797	29
South Carolina.	1 144 514	
Tennessee	908 129	3,24
Texas.	2 000 000	75
Virginia	15 000	4,40
Virginin		12
Pale of a	Talking T	ree.
	form of W	

January, 1902, was presented for pay-ment in June 1904 and has not been are frought up over the "talking tree" that has been there for some time. Enormous crowds continue to gather there almost every Sunday to bear the strange noises that come from the tree. The voice can be distinctly heard, and says. "There are

tee published a communication in its proper disposition. This check is the tree to make a thorough investigation for themselves as to the noises has been given many times before the marvelous produc tion of the human voice, came. The mystery yet remains unsolved, and so great has the number of people been who have gone there in the last several months that the tree is now dead, caused by the continuous tramping on

the earth surrounding the tree. The only theory that has been suggested is that a man was killed under the tree in 1862, and while many do not believe in "apirits" the facts are so plain and the voice can be so distinctly heard that they cannot dispute the fact. A family of people who lived there several years ago became so frightened at the voice that they sold their farm at a sacrifice, went West and are now living in Texas.

Bought by Mrs. Lander.

The property of the Williamston Female college was sold at public outcry Monday in Anderson. The buildings and grounds were bid in by Hon. Geo. E. Prince for Mrs. L. A. Lander for the sum of \$6 550. Since the removal of the college to Greenwood the property has been of no material use to the institution and a sale was deemed most advisable. The grounds cover a little more than five upon which is located the old college building, built under the direction of Dr. Lander, its founder. It is probable that the building will be con-

Express Office Closed. Without State says the sudden closing up of ton growers' convention recently held party was unable to get down further than the fifth level. The shafts are the such is not a true statement of its af which was made up. It does seem ages for people at that point have kets for cotton products. been pigeon holed elsewhere. It is learned on reliable authority that the ment. It is legitimate and wise, and railroad commission has given no authority for the closing of the office and an investigation has been started. get an agent.

Killed by a Train. Miss Magnolia Waters, a young lady of Westminster was run over and killed by the fast mail Monday. The deplorable accident happened at Harbins, about four miles south of that place. Miss Waters was 27 years old and was affi cted with deafness, which probably accounts for her not having heard the approaching

Cut Acreage and Hold Crop. At a meeting of the Greenville County Cotton Growers' association held Monday the farmers present ly misconstrued. As a result of the re- Wednesday morning the screams of age 25 per cent., buy less fertilizer y misconstrued. As a result of the re-fusal of the committee to accept any the child attracted the attention of and to hold cotton on hand until paid Hon. Victor H. Metcalf, Secretary of most torturing manner, mutilating

train.

Assigned To South Carolina. Postoffice Inspector Gregory has been assigned to duty in the lower er's body a few moments before the

Day When He Will See

COTTON GROWERS

Representatives, Who are Headed by Senator McLaurin as Chairman. About Fifty Southern Leading

Mill Men Expected to Meet Committee.

President Roosevelt has appointed Monday, Feb. 20, at 12 o'clock, to meet the committee of 10 appointed by the New Orleans Cotton Growers' convention to confer with the president, secretary of agriculture and arrang ments to enlarge Ameria's cotton trade with other countries. the secretary of commerce and labor. About 50 leading mill men from every southern State are expected to meet the committee at the Raleigh hotel in Washington at 4 o'clock on the afternoon of Saturday, Feb. 18. Sena special committee, gives out the fol-lowing correspondence for publica-

Florence, Ala., Feb. 4, 1905.
To the Honorable Senators and Congressmen representing the Cotton Growing States in the Congress of the United States:

Gentlemen: I beg to call your attention to the following resolution adopted by the National Cotton Growers' association in convention as-sembled in New Orleans, Jan. 24th to

Whereas, the present markets for American cotton products are not sometiment to dispose of the present crop; and Whereas, we believe the consump-

in the markets of the world; and "Whereas, such increases will result in untold good to the cotton growing States, reducing the surplus, thereby creating a greater demand and necessarily higher prices for our cotton; therefore, be it

"Resolved, That a special committee be appointed by this convention the confer with the president of the United States, the secretary of agriculture and the manufacturers of cotton goods, to obtain such concerted action as will enlarge our trade in cotton products in foreign countries."

I beg further to call your attention to the fact that this was the most representatives body of men which has ever before been called together to discuss the great agricultural inerests of the south. You are therefore earnestly request-

ed to give your active and hearty support to such measures as will effectuate the purposes embodied in these esolutions. Most respectfully,

JOHN LOWNDES MCLAURIN, man of So Convention. ERISTER ASHCRAFT

Secretary.

Florence, Ala., Feb. 6, 1905. 2d, and to thank you for your very

courteous suggestion contained in Acting on your advice. I have tolay directed a letter to Hon. Victor er's creek camp, where Harris was H. Metcalf, asking his co-operation in confined, and the unwelcome news our effort to enlarge our foreign mar-

It is a great pleasure to note your hearty approval of this movement, and I feel sure that we will receive wise and valuable suggestions from you when our committee visists Washngton on February 20th.

Thanking you for the interest you have shown in this matter, I have the honor to be

Most respectfully yours, ERISTER ASHERAFT. Secretary of Special Committee on Foreign Trade, Cotton Growers' Convention.

Washington, Feb 2, 1905. Mr. Erister Ashcraft, Florence, Alabama.

Dear Sir: I have your letter of January 28ch, asking whether it will be agreeable to me to co-operate with

I entirely approve of this moveanything this department can do to It is understood that the company the fact that congress has created a father of the lad has made this the new department, that of commerce condition upon which he will refrain and labor, one of the objects to do from beginning proceedings against from beginning proceedings against this very kind of work. I think it would not be wise for you and your associates to ignore that department, take to Arkansa part work. These to and I advise you to get into com-munication with the secretary of commerce and labor, Hon. Victor H. Metcalf, and solicit his co-operation in your enterprise. Of course I shall be pleased to meet your committee at any time, but I advise you to call also upon the secretary of commerce and labor. In fact, I advise you to lo that first.

> Very truly yours, JAMES WILSON, Secretary.

ton, D. C.

Washington for service at that place of South Carolina is chairman, will ed there.

visit Washington on February 20th. to take up the special work called for by the resolution looking toward the enlargement of foreign markets for

cotton products.

I trust it will be convenient for you President Roosevelt Names the to see the committee, and that they may have your co operation in this

Hoping to have from you a favorable reply, I have the honor to be,
Obediently yours,
ERISTER ASHCRAFT.
Secretary Special Committee on Foreign Trade, Cotton Growers' Convention

STARVED TO DEATH.

How a Negro Fscaped Trial in Court at Columbia.

Was Wanted for Shooting at a Police Officer, But Preferred to Starve to Death.

The Record says word was received in Columbia one day last week that Sam Harris, the negro who is wanted in Columbia for attempted assault and battery, and who was caught in dent, secretary of agriculture and savannah some time ago, will not be mill men with a view to making arrang; ments to enlarge Ameria's is plain en ugh. Harris has starved himself to death in the Savannah The committee will also confer with jail, ending one of the most remarkable criminals with which the police have had to deal.

Harris is a Columbia negro, and while not desperately wicked, was Just bad enough to be continually in Clarke and Edward McCall, and Wilson Land Columbia (Clarke and Edward McCall, and Wilson Land Columbia) years ago in a raid by the police he shot twice at one of the officers and dashed out of the house, which had been surrounded by the police. A telle's address. He devoted the larger been surrounded by the police. A telle's address. He devoted the larger number of shots were fired on both portion of his address to the discussides, but Harris escaped and nothing sion of the negro question, as regardwas heard of him until about ten days ago, when it was discovered that he was at work on the chaingang in Savannah. The authorities there were notified and preparations made for his return, but the negro deliber-for his return, but the negro deliber-ately refused all food until he was so ent situation in the Southern states weak that it was necessary to send him to the hospital and there he died. accounts of the remarkable end of Harris, and the News has the follow-

"One of the most remarkable cases tion of cotton can be greatly increased of suicide known to the Savannah alone that they had lost the cause for authorities was brought to light re- which they had fought. Their whole cently when Sam Harris, a negro prisoner, died at the county jail practically as the result of his self-imposed a new order out of chaos, and they starvation.

Exhibiting the most wonderful will power in abstaining from partaking them in their prosperity, for are they of food, the man slowly wasted away until he was past all medical aid. "Harris' enforced starvation was

sentence on the county chaingang by he country increased 65 per cent. The would be taken to Columbia, S. C. alue of farm properties in the South answer the charge of shooting at a dvanced from \$2,300,000,000 to \$4,5

ted last February.
"With the expiration of his senence but ten days off he was rudely wakened from his dream of liberty about a week ago by the boss at the convict camp where he was confined. From that nour he grew morose and refused to eat. No manner of persuasion could induce him to partake

slowly he wasten away. wagon, and shot the officer in the leg. He was rearrested and given twelve months on the chaingang, and with Hon. James Wilson, Secretary of his time off for good behavior would Agricultre, Washington, D. C. have been a free man on February 15. Dear Sir: I beg to make grateful About ten days ago the authorities acknowledgment of your favor of the here received a letter to hold Harris the blacks as well as the whites is rewhen he was released, that he was wanted at Columbia for shooting at a The order was sent to the Pipc Mak-

> was transmitted to Harris. "After fasting for a week the man grew sick and his condition was such that he was ordered placed in the hospital ward at the jail, where he remained until his death. The county physician said the case was the most remarkable he had ever attended."

> > A Gruesome Find.

A dispatch from Union to The State says a gruesome find was made at the Monarch cotton mills Wednes. day afternoon when as the cotton was drawn through the long black suction pipe into the picker room, in the midst of which, as it fell out, was a long black withered finger. The missing member was apparently the third fir ger of the left hand and the nail still remained on it. Where the cot ton the finger was found in came from of course cannot be ascertained, but it is thought it must have been here in Union county as Monarch mills is a heavy buyer of Union county raised cotton.

A Pair of Fools.

A dispatch from Dresden, Tenn. says young Willie McCaleb, 15 years old, and his former teacher, who is help will be very cheerfully done, but old, must go into exile as a result of The indignant take to Arkansas next week. Despite the sentence, neither shows slightest regret. The bride says she would be happy in a desert with her youthful lover, while Willie adoringly declares he would follow the woman to the end of the earth.

> Distressing Accident. Mr. Charlie Livingston, a young

man about 21 years old, while adjusting a belt at A L. Otts' glanery at Elloree, Toursday, was caught in the shafting and both arms and legs were Commerce and Labor, Washing the filesh of his legs and breast before assistance could reach him. Medical Dear Sir: Pursuant to a resolu- aid was quickly summoned and all tion adopted by the cotton growers' that is possible is being done to save convention in New Orleans, January the young man. Mr. Livingtson is a

The Negro Question Says Republican Congressman Boutele.

WILL AID THE SOUTH

In Working Out the Great Race Problem that Confrants Her. He says Intel-

> ligent Smpathy from the North Is Necessary to Accom-

plish Great Work. Representative Henry Sherman

Boutelle, of Illinois, was the principal orator at the annual McKiniey dinner of the West Ead Republican club at Delmonico's recently. About 250 members and guests were present. Charles F. Bostwick, president of the club, was toastmaster, and with him at the guests' table were Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, Job E. Hedges, Representatives Henry S. Boutelle and James R. Mann, of Illinois; Herbert N. Par-

Just bad enough to be continually in Clarke and Edward McCall, and Wilthe hands of the police. About three liam Halpin, chairman of the Republican county committee. "The South and the Republican

ing suffrage in the South. He said in part:
"A great and wonderful change has come over the South in the past twenty years—a change that can only with the conditions that existed durhim to the hospital and there he died. ing the ten years immediately follow-The Savannah papers contain long ing the civil war. No people were accounts of the remarkable end of ever brought face to face with more utter desolation than that which confronted the men of the South on their

> social, industrial, and political fabric lay in ruins. Their task was to bring have triumphed gloriously.
>
> "And we of the North rejoice with

return from Appomattox. It was not

not our people, bone of our bone, and fiesh of our flesh? "Betwren 1880 and 1900 the South's the result of being told several days investment in agriculture increased ago that as soon as he completed his 75 per cent., while that of the rest of

police sergeant some time previous to 0000,000,000, and the annual value of he crime for which he was commit- firm products from \$660,000,000 to 31,300,000,000. The railroad mileage bas increased from 20,600 to 52,600 miles, and the value or exports has risen from \$260,000,000 to \$464,000,-

"Factories are springing up all over ine South, and North Carolina bids fair to rival Michigan in the output of furniture. In the manufacture of of food enough to sustain him and cotton goods the South has made rapid and surprising progress. Massachu tts still holds first place among the Foreign Trade, Cotton Growers' R. B. Davis on Liberty and East states in cotton manufacturing. South Broad streets in January, 1904. He Carolina now comes second, and North resisted while waiting for the patrol Carolina third. The total number of spindles in the Southern states is now about 7,700,000 an increase of 5,000,-

000 since 1896. "The breaking up of the great plan tations has multiplied the number of towns and villages. The education of ceiving greater attention, libraries and c lleges are increasing, and the police sergeant while resisting arrest. whole South is reaping the fruits of the courage, patience and hope of the

men of 1865.
"The answer to this question involves the whole Southern problem. But it is more than a Southern problem-it is a national problem. present situation is due primarily to the presence in the South of two alien rac's, between whom there can bethere must be-no fusion.

"The leaders of Southern thought, at the close of the war, should have been allowed to retain their natural leadership over the ignorant whites and blacks. The fear of ignorant negro domination has persisted long atter the danger of suc's domination passed, working often an injury to the negro, and always a greater injury to the whites. We of the North have in years past made the solution of this problem more difficult for our Southern brethren. We now owe them generous sympathy and patient forbear-

ance.
"There is something that the federal government can do to help the situation. The South needs men. Her inhabitants are only twenty-nine to the square mile, while in Obio the density is 102. Government information should be sent out to the world regarding the resources, climate, soil

of the South. "In the work of solving this probem the South could have no firmer friend than President Roosevelt, for all that the South needs is a square ical, and no one knows better than the president that a square deal for the South means simply intelligent sympathy from Northern men, unprejudiced justice from the federal government."—Washington Post.

Sold Stamps At Half Price. Postoffice Inspector E. J. Pulister had arrested in Spartanburg Wednesday afternoon a young white man, who appears to be a tramp. This man, who gives several names as his proper

cognomen, was selling 2 cent postage

stamps in lots of 75 or 100 at half price. He is in the station house and bls case will be investigated in United States Commissioner McGowan's court next Monday. He states that his home was in Augusta, Ga., and that his name is Harry E. Swain. Charged With Being Fugitive.

Charles F. Taylor, being partner of Mrs. Alice Webb; Duke, has been ar-

sted at his office at Culcago chargpart of South Carolina, succeeding Ingest of Sou involving \$3,000.